HOUSE BILL REPORT ESSB 5121

As Reported by House Committee On:

Public Safety

Title: An act relating to expanding eligibility for the graduated reentry program.

Brief Description: Expanding eligibility for the graduated reentry program.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Human Services, Reentry & Rehabilitation (originally sponsored by Senators Darneille, Das, Dhingra, Hasegawa, Mullet, Nguyen and Wilson, C.; by request of Department of Corrections).

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Public Safety: 3/16/21, 3/25/21 [DPA].

Brief Summary of Engrossed Substitute Bill (As Amended By Committee)

- Modifies the maximum length of participation and minimum total confinement requirements for the Department of Corrections' Graduated Reentry Program based on the nature of the offense committed by an individual.
- Requires the Department of Corrections to publish a monthly report on
 its website and submit an annual report to the Legislature with the
 number of individuals who were transferred to home detention as part of
 the Graduated Reentry Program.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY

Majority Report: Do pass as amended. Signed by 8 members: Representatives Goodman, Chair; Johnson, J., Vice Chair; Davis, Hackney, Lovick, Orwall, Ramos and Simmons.

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This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Minority Report: Do not pass. Signed by 3 members: Representatives Mosbrucker, Ranking Minority Member; Klippert, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Graham.

Minority Report: Without recommendation. Signed by 2 members: Representatives Griffey and Young.

Staff: Corey Patton (786-7388).

Background:

An individual serving a term of confinement as total confinement at a state correctional facility may serve up to the final six months of the term in partial confinement as home detention through the Graduated Reentry Program (program) operated by the Department of Corrections (DOC). An individual may only participate in the program if:

- the individual has served at least 12 months of the term of confinement in total confinement at a state correctional facility;
- the DOC determines that the program is an appropriate placement for the individual;
 and
- the individual provides an approved residence and living arrangement prior to transfer to home detention.

While an individual is participating in the program, the DOC must:

- assist the individual with transitioning from confinement to the community;
- require the individual to be on electronic home monitoring;
- require the individual to participate in programming and treatment based on the individual's assessed need; and
- assign a community corrections officer who will monitor the individual's compliance.

The DOC may issue rental vouchers to a program participant for up to six months if an approved address cannot be obtained without the assistance of a voucher. The DOC may return a program participant to total confinement for any reason, including the participant's noncompliance with any sentence requirement. In administering the program, the DOC is performing a quasi-judicial function. The DOC is not liable for the acts of a program participant unless the DOC acts with willful and wanton disregard.

Under certain conditions, an individual may not qualify for transfer to partial confinement programs such as the Graduated Reentry Program. For example, an individual serving a sentence that includes mandatory minimums or sentencing enhancements may be required to serve all or a greater portion of the term of confinement in total confinement.

"Partial confinement" is confinement for up to one year in a facility operated or contracted by the state or other unit of government, or in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement may include work release, home detention, work crew, or electronic

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monitoring.

"Total confinement" is confinement inside the physical boundaries of a state facility or institution for 24 hours a day.

Summary of Amended Bill:

The maximum length of participation and minimum total confinement requirements for the Graduated Reentry Program (program) operated by the Department of Corrections (DOC) are modified to impose different restrictions based on the nature of the offense committed by an individual as follows:

- An individual serving a term of confinement as total confinement at a state correctional facility for an offense other than a sex offense, a violent offense, or a crime against persons, may serve up to the final 18 months of the term in partial confinement as home detention through the program if the individual has served at least four months in total confinement and is not subject to a deportation order or the jurisdiction of the Indeterminate Sentence Review Board.
- An individual serving a term of confinement as total confinement at a state
 correctional facility for any other type of offense may serve up to the final five
 months of the term in partial confinement as home detention through the program if
 the individual has served at least six months in total confinement and the individual is
 not subject to a deportation order, civil commitment, or the Interstate Compact for
 Adult Offender Supervision.

The modifications to the program apply prospectively and retroactively to any individual currently serving a sentence in any facility or institution either operated by the state or utilized under contract.

The DOC must publish a monthly report on its website with the number of individuals who were transferred during the month to home detention as part of the program. The DOC must submit an annual report by December 1 to the appropriate committees of the Legislature with the number of individuals who were transferred to home detention as part of the program during the prior year.

Amended Bill Compared to Engrossed Substitute Bill:

The amended bill allows an individual who has served at least four months in total confinement for an offense other than a sex offense, a violent offense, or a crime against persons, to serve no more than the final 18 months of the individual's term of confinement, rather than the remaining portion, in partial confinement as part of the graduated reentry program.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available. New fiscal note requested on March 26, 2021.

Effective Date of Amended Bill: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony:

(In support) The Graduated Reentry Program (program) smooths the transition that occurs at the end of incarceration by offering more options to support successful community reentry. Structured transition opportunities improve public safety, maintain accountability, and provide rehabilitative services designed to break the cycle of incarceration. Program participants do not have reduced sentences; rather, participants spend some amount of time in total incarceration and then spend some time under community supervision with electronic home monitoring. The program offers intensive case management and requires participants to engage in treatment or programming based on their assessed needs, including mental health treatment, substance abuse treatment, cognitive behavioral interventions, life skill classes, education, and job training. To date, only 0.8 percent of individuals who have completed the program have recidivated.

This bill expands the program to allow participation by individuals who would otherwise be released from prison without receiving any supervision or resources. The reforms in this bill must be applied retrospectively in order to address disparities within Washington prisons.

(Opposed) One of the core tenants of the program is the requirement that program participants must spend at least 12 months in total confinement at an institution. This bill implements broad sweeping changes that will result in some offenders only serving four months in total confinement before being allowed to spend years in the community. The Legislature should consider the types of offenses that are covered by this bill and what the impacts might be.

(Other) People who commit certain offenses, like property offenses, should have the opportunity to participate in the program. At some point, prolonged supervision becomes less effective. There needs to be a limit on the length of time an individual can be in the program. Without a limit, there is a perverse incentive where an individual with a higher offender score may spend more of his or her sentence in the community through the program.

Persons Testifying: (In support) Senator Darneille, prime sponsor; Sarah Willman; Danielle Armbruster and Mac Pevey, Reentry Division, Department of Corrections; Davina Kerrelola, E.I.G.H.T. Foundation and FOTi; and Kehaulani Walker, Julie Modun, and Michelle Mason, FOTi.

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(Opposed) James McMahan, Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs.

(Other) Russell Brown, Washington Association of Prosecuting Attorneys.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: None.

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